# LME Responsible Sourcing

Reflection and key updates from 2024

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# Key LME responsible sourcing updates in 2024

#### **Brand compliance**

- The LME issued an update <u>notice</u> in January following the Track A and ISO certification submission deadline of 31 December 2023, and subsequently suspended over 10% of listed brands following the review of submissions
- The LME continues to monitor all brand compliance status and has reinstated a number of the suspended brands after they successfully addressed the requirements of the LME's responsible sourcing policy

# Track A standard alignment assessment

- The LME continues to engage with Track A standards, alignment assessors, and the OECD to progress the alignment assessment work, the latest update to the market on the alignment assessment can be found <a href="https://example.com/here-page-44">here-page-44</a>.
- The Joint Due Diligence Standard assessed through the Copper Mark Assurance Process is found to be fully aligned with the OECD Due Diligence Guidance<sup>1</sup> after the completion of the <u>OECD Alignment Assessment process</u>.

# Supply chain due diligence & Step 5 report evaluation

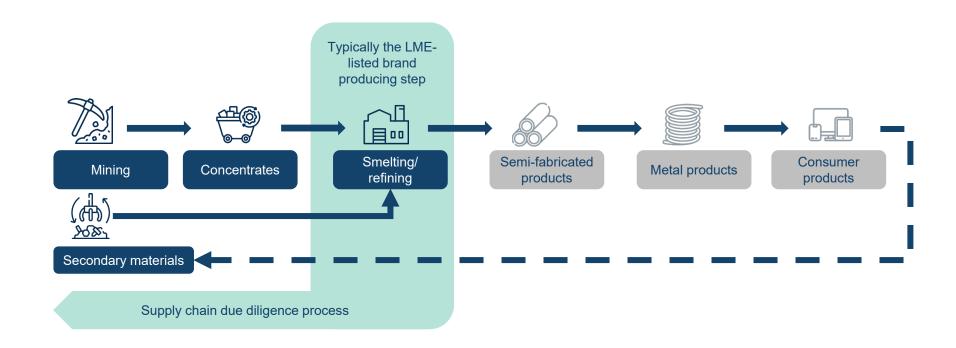
- The LME engaged <u>Kumi Consulting</u> ("Kumi") to analyse the supply chain due diligence reports (Track A standard audit reports, Track B audit reports, Track C Red Flag Assessment templates, and Step 5 reports) of its brand producers. The objectives were to clarify stakeholder expectations, assess reporting against OECD Due Diligence Guidance expectations, receive actionable recommendations, and identify best reporting practices
- The LME is reviewing the analysis and will engage with relevant stakeholders to how we can improve supply chain due diligence reporting practices

#### Reporting

- Track C summary statistics from Red Flag Assessment templates ("RFAs") received in 2023 have been published <u>here</u>
- The RFAs received in 2024 will be published as anonymised versions in early 2025, in accordance with the phased transparency requirement. Brand producers have the option to publish attributed versions if they prefer
- Furthermore, the LME will be making each brand's responsible sourcing compliance track public by Q2 2025 following the recent <u>CBAM consultation and sustainability response paper</u>. This enhanced transparency will support the due diligence process of other stakeholders in the value chain



# Metal value chain





# LME deliverable brands – breakdown by metals

Data as of October 2024

85brands

CU

69brands

PRIMARY ALUMINIUM

71 brands

Pb

25brands

ALUMINIUM ALLOY

22brands

NASAAC

**ALUMINIUM ALLOY** 

41 brands

ZINC

18brands

Sn

23brands

NICKEL

10brands

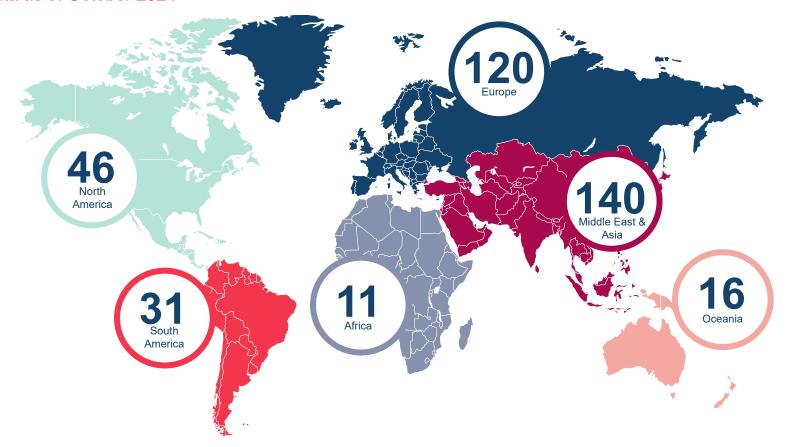
COBALT

364 brands



# LME-listed brand producer locations

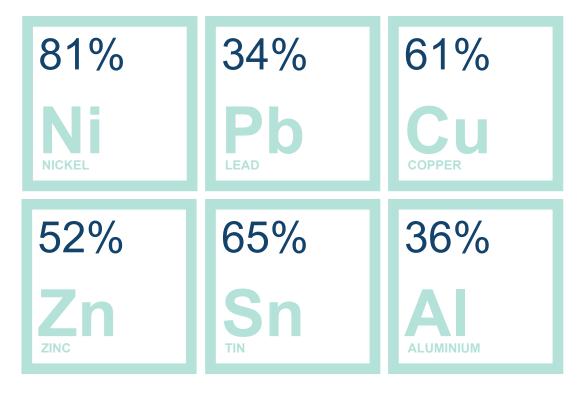
Data as of October 2024





# Representation of metals by LME-listed brands

Annual percentage of production represented by LME brands for LME deliverable shapes, estimates only



LME brand production figures collated from 2023 LME brand surveys, with the most recent referred to if available. When surveys not available, plant capacity, International Metal Study Groups, or World Bureau of Metal Statistics ("WBMS") refined production are referred to. LME production by country cross referenced with WBMS refined production per country.



# Responsible sourcing requirements for LME-listed brands

OECD Due Diligence Guidance for Responsible Supply Chains of Minerals from Conflict-Affected and High-Risk Areas

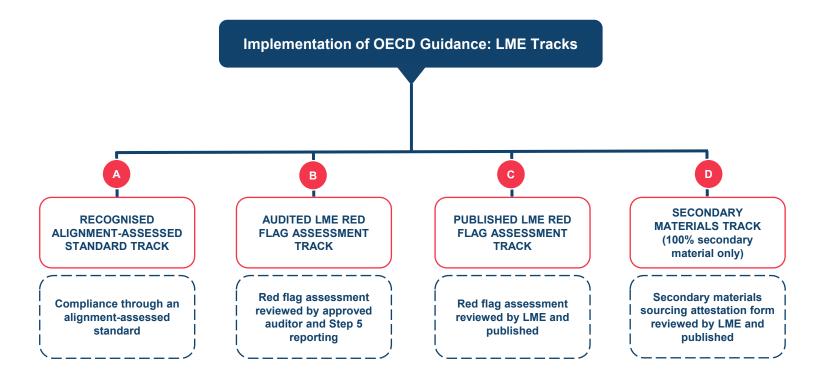
ISO 14001: Environmental Management System or equivalent

ISO 45001: Occupational Health & Safety Management System or equivalent

All current and future LME-listed brands must maintain compliance to the LME responsible sourcing requirements



## Summary of tracks to OECD Guidance implementation

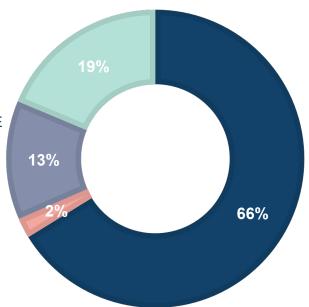




#### Track selection breakdown 2024



- Track B Audited LME Red Flag Assessment
- Track C Published LME Red Flag Assessment
- Track D Secondary Materials Attestation

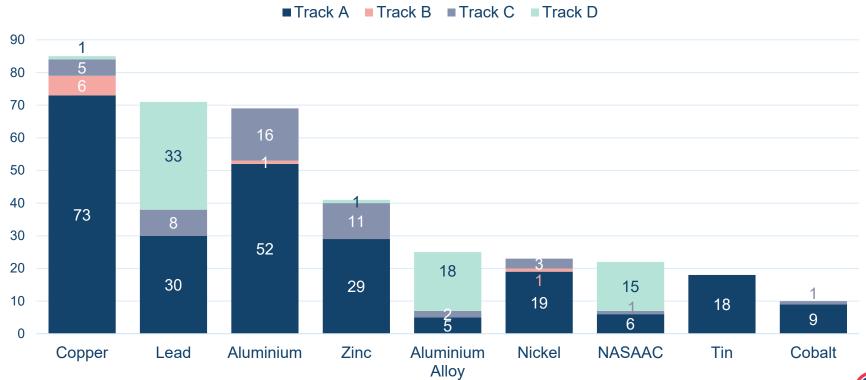


- Track A remains the most selected
- There is a 45% decrease in brands using Track C from 2023 to 2024, as they have either voluntarily switched to or been referred to Track A



# Tracks selected by metal

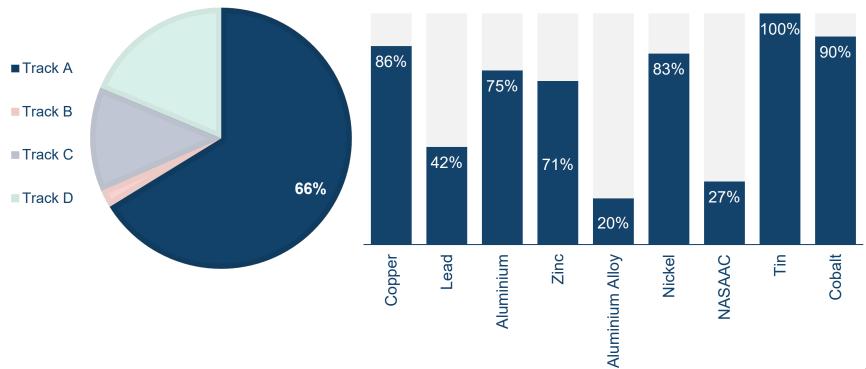
364 brands listed on the LME as of October 2024





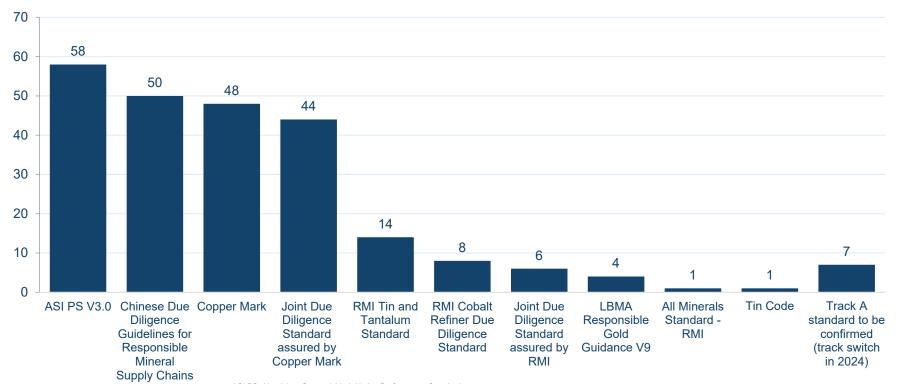
## Track A brand submissions by metal

241 LME-listed brands chose Track A – Alignment-Assessed Standard Track (66%) as of October 2024





# Track A standard selection by number of brands 2024



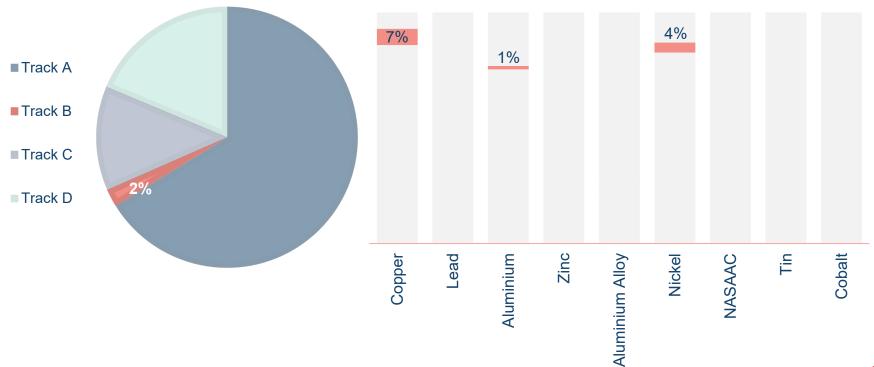


Tin Code: Tin Code (Standard 7.3 Responsible Sourcing) assessed with the ITA-RMI Assessment Criteria



# Track B brand submissions by metal

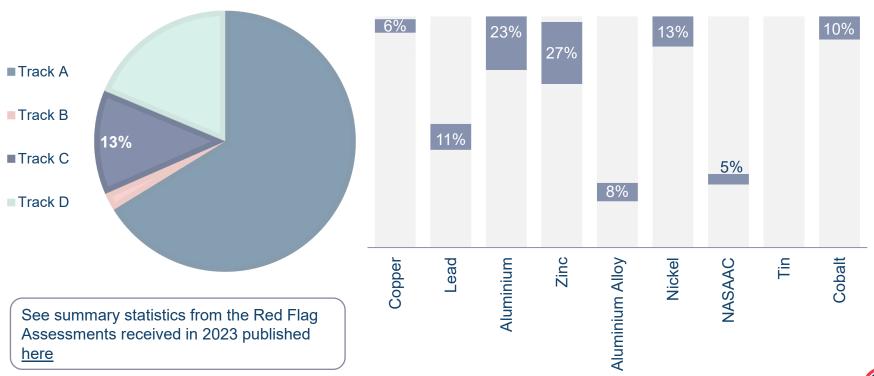
8 LME-listed brands chose Track B – Audited LME Red Flag Assessment Track (2%) as of October 2024





## Track C brand submissions by metal

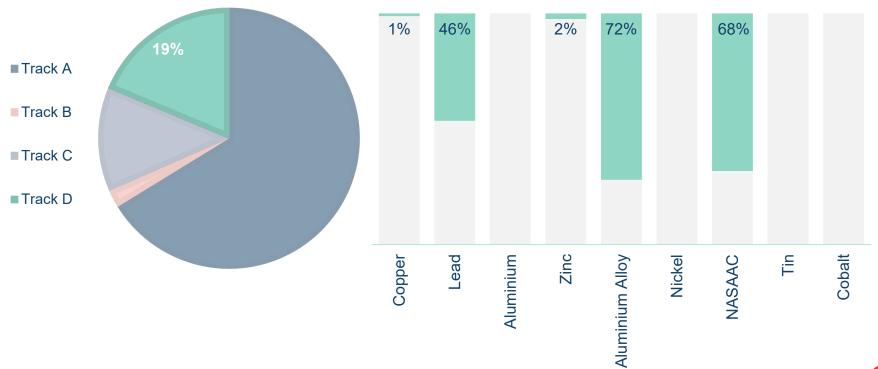
47 LME-listed brands chose Track C - Published LME Red Flag Assessment Track (13%) as of October 2024





# Track D submissions by metal

68 LME-listed brands submitted secondary material attestation forms (19%) as of October 2024





# Track D summary

Secondary materials are as defined in the LME responsible sourcing policy

1. Explain whether the brand producer is relying solely on assurances from suppliers regarding the sources of material or on objective evidence.

Most brand producers utilised a combination of supplier visits, delivery inspections, and quality testing to ensure compliance. The methods and responses to this question have remained consistent from 2023 to 2024.

2. List corporate level checks that brand producer conducts on its suppliers and if there is a management system in place with examples.

Responses varied widely, ranging from detailed procedures such as Supplier Codes of Conduct, ISO certifications, unique KYC forms, and audits, to reliance on regulatory frameworks or established relationships. Similar to the responses from 2022 and 2023, producers continued to depend on quality management systems like ISO 9001.

Additionally, some producers implemented specific management systems for the responsible sourcing of minerals. Government regulations remain a crucial factor in brand producers' supplier due diligence, whether at their own locations or those of their suppliers.

To further understand market best practices for responsible recycling of metals, the LME participated in the Roundtable on the Responsible Recycling of Metals which aims to integrate existing initiatives and develop standards, systems, and tools for the responsible production and sourcing of recycled metals. For more information, please visit: Roundtable on the Responsible Recycling of Metals



# Responsible sourcing overview

The LME noted several recurring challenges from 2023, such as lack of supply chain cooperation, difficulties in implementing EITI¹ principles, and ongoing inconsistencies in due diligence reporting. The key findings below highlight additional prevailing themes identified in 2024.

Geopolitical tension and regulatory divergence across nations continues to challenge industry's cohesion, its ability to meet international responsible sourcing goals, and cross-recognise standards.

Lack of transparency in due diligence gaps makes it challenging to hold accountability on supplier's actions which can often result in hidden supply chain risks. Consequently, the lack of clear information to the market could lead to ineffective corrective action plans.

Key findings

**Future work** 

**CAHRA**<sup>2</sup> **determination inconsistencies** (between producers of the same material as well as different stakeholders of the same value chain) remain a significant challenge, hindering meaningful due diligence efforts which could be undertaken with greater standardisation in CAHRAs outside of 3TG<sup>3</sup> metals.

**Differing Track A standard assurance processes** can bring inconsistencies in brand producers' assurance outcomes. The LME will continue to work with all Track A standards to understand each assurance process to ensure fair acceptance of brand producers' supply chain due diligence efforts.

The LME will continue to collaborate with supply chain stakeholders to address responsible sourcing challenges and apply insights from the supply chain due diligence & Step 5 report evaluation report. Additionally, increasing transparency on brand producers' responsible sourcing compliance information will be a significant step forward, facilitating discussions on the identified challenges and working towards effective solutions.

- 1. EITI: Extractive Industries Transparency Initiative
- 2. CAHRA: Conflict-Affected and High-Risk Area
- 3. 3TG: tin, tantalum, tungsten, and gold



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